RISKS



RISKS

Recurring question: Is the following statement more of a threat or an opportunity?

RISK 01 Most important is that the organization's strategy has been established in the past

SYST Threat Every to context

§ 4.1 ★★★

Every three years on average, it is necessary to check the adequacy of the strategy to the context of the organization, the expectations and the requirements of the interested parties

RISK 02 The context of the organization is something that can be taken into consideration (even if the boss forgot to say it)

Threat § 4.1 ☆☆

This is a requirement of the standard and it is unavoidable. This is part of the first work to be done since the validation of the organization's strategy depends on it

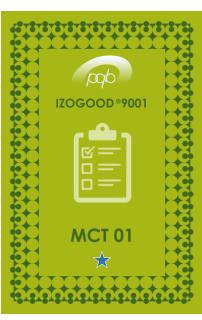
RISK 03 Seeking to anticipate the evolution of customer expectations is wasted time (if the boss said so)

Threat § 4.2 🛧

The objective of the organization is to satisfy its customers in the long term – to understand the evolution of their expectations is a key factor of success for the future

RISKS

MCT



MCT (multiple choice test)

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MCT 01 Only one of the following statements is correct. Can you name which one?

- 1. A product can be certified ISO 9001
- 2. A service can be certified ISO 9001
- 3. The management system of an organization can be certified ISO 9001
- 4. Any organization with more than 100 people shall be ISO 9001 certified

§ 0.1

A product is certified from a technical point of view according to a reference system, such as CE 023 for a medical device, for example. A service, in the sense of service delivery, cannot be ISO certified. Only the management system of an organization can be certified ISO 9001. Certification is voluntary for any organization, whatever the size

MCT 02 In the 7 principles of quality management (even if the boss has no opinion), we can find:

- 1. Quality approach
- 2. Engagement of people

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- 3. Quality policy
- 4. Risk-based thinking

§ 0.2

The quality approach is a broader concept than a principle. The policy builds on the 7 principles and provides a framework for setting objectives. Risk-based thinking enters into ISO 9001 version 2015 but not in the 7 principles of quality management

MCT 03 In the Deming cycle, the A stands for:

- 1. Analyze data
- 2. Act
- 3. Improve
- 4. Adapt

§ 0.3

In the DEMING cycle, the data analysis is in the C (Check), the support is in the D (Do); Act or Adapt corresponds to step A



PRACTICES

Recurring question: Is the following statement more a good or a bad practice?

PRACTICE 01 The diagnosis of the organization context includes the main external and internal issues (even if the boss doesn't know about it)

Good practice § 4.1

To understand the context of the organization, top management must prioritize internal and external issues

PRACTICE 02 To determine the issues of the context, the analysis of the competitive environment is a priority

Bad practice § 4.1 ☆☆ Top management must first determine internal and external issues

PRACTICE 03 The analysis of the needs and expectations of interested parties is independent of the products and services of the organization

Bad practice § 4.2 ☆☆

The organization's products and services must take into account the needs and expectations of interested parties

PRACTICES

CASES

CASES



CASES

CASE 01 CONTEXT

Situation: external and internal issues influence the strategic direction and the overall performance of the organization

Challenge: how can we understand the influence of external and internal issues?

To understand the context of the organization, we must:

Solution 1: regularly monitor and review issues

Solution 2: determine the positive or negative influence of each issue

Solution 3: use SWOT and PEST tools

§ 4.1 **★★★**

All these activities are very useful for analyzing the context

CASE 02 CUSTOMERS AND NEEDS

Situation: for some months the organization has had stagnating sales. Nonconformities have begun to fill the prison

Challenge: what solution should be chosen to reverse the situation?

Solution 1: stand out from the competition with very low prices

Solution 2: recruit a marketing agent out of a top college

Solution 3: contact the customer and identify the problem

§ 4.2

Setting very low prices is daring but it is not a guarantee of success and can have disastrous financial consequences

A new marketing agent can bring profits but it is time consuming and requires a significant investment

Find the causes of the intolerable amount of nonconformities and quickly set up a plan of action. Then, openly discuss it with customers, as understanding their needs and expectations is a prerequisite for the recovery of the organization

CASE 03 SCOPE OF THE QMS

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Situation: we need to maintain the scope of the QMS in the form of documented information Challenge: what must we do to determine the scope of the QMS?

Solution 1: justify each non-applicable requirement in a documented information

Solution 2: maintain the scope of the QMS (sites, processes, products and services) as documented information

Solution 3: base the scope of the QMS on the business context, the requirements of interested parties and the products and services provided

§ 4.3 📩 📩

All these activities are useful for determining the scope of the QMS

CASES